



## Clinical trial results:

### Open-Label Evaluation of the Pharmacokinetic Profile and Safety of Tapentadol Oral Solution for the Treatment of Postsurgical Pain in Children and Adolescents Aged From 6 to Less Than 18 Years

#### Summary

EudraCT number	2010-020380-20
Trial protocol	Outside EU/EEA ES
Global end of trial date	23 March 2013

#### Results information

Result version number	v1
This version publication date	06 July 2016
First version publication date	28 January 2015

#### Trial information

##### Trial identification

Sponsor protocol code	R331333-PAI2005
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##### Additional study identifiers

ISRCTN number	-
ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number)	NCT01134536
WHO universal trial number (UTN)	-

Notes:

#### Sponsors

Sponsor organisation name	Janssen Research & Development, L.L.C.
Sponsor organisation address	Archimedesweg 29, CM Leiden, Netherlands, 2333
Public contact	Clinical Registry Group, Janssen Research & Development, L.L.C., ClinicalTrialsEU@its.jnj.com
Scientific contact	Clinical Registry Group, Janssen Research & Development, L.L.C., ClinicalTrialsEU@its.jnj.com

Notes:

#### Paediatric regulatory details

Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)	Yes
EMA paediatric investigation plan number(s)	EMA-000018-PIP01-07
Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	No
Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	Yes

Notes:

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**Results analysis stage**

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Analysis stage	Final
Date of interim/final analysis	23 March 2013
Is this the analysis of the primary completion data?	No

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Global end of trial reached?	Yes
Global end of trial date	23 March 2013
Was the trial ended prematurely?	No

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Notes:

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**General information about the trial**

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Main objective of the trial:

To evaluate the pharmacokinetic profile of Tapentadol and its major metabolite Tapentadol-O-glucuronide after administration of a single dose of Tapentadol oral solution (OS) 1 mg/kg in children and adolescents aged from 6 to less than 18 years after scheduled surgical procedures that routinely produce acute, moderate to severe post-surgical pain.

Protection of trial subjects:

Safety evaluations were based upon the incidence, intensity, and relationship with tapentadol of adverse events (AEs) reported throughout the study, and on changes in vital signs measurements, physical examinations, 12-lead electrocardiograms (ECGs), and clinical laboratory tests. Any clinically important abnormalities persisting at the end of the study were followed by the investigator until resolution or a clinically stable condition was reached.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

Actual start date of recruitment	12 October 2011
Long term follow-up planned	No
Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement?	No

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Notes:

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**Population of trial subjects**

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**Subjects enrolled per country**

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Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Canada: 2
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Spain: 10
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	United States: 32
Worldwide total number of subjects	44
EEA total number of subjects	10

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Notes:

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**Subjects enrolled per age group**

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In utero	0
Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk	0
Newborns (0-27 days)	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	0
Children (2-11 years)	14
Adolescents (12-17 years)	30

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Adults (18-64 years)	0
From 65 to 84 years	0
85 years and over	0

## Subject disposition

### Recruitment

Recruitment details: -

### Pre-assignment

Screening details:

The study was conducted at 32 centers in Canada, Spain, and the United States.

### Period 1

Period 1 title	Overall Study (overall period)
Is this the baseline period?	Yes
Allocation method	Not applicable
Blinding used	Not blinded

### Arms

Are arms mutually exclusive?	Yes
<b>Arm title</b>	Group 1 (12-<18 years)

Arm description:

Children with a body weight less than 20 kilogram (kg) were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) oral solution (OS) and children with a body weight of 20 kg or greater were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 mg/kg OS (single dose of tapentadol was not exceeded 75 mg for any participant).

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	Tapentadol Hydrochloride
Investigational medicinal product code	CG5503/R331333
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Oral solution
Routes of administration	Oral use

Dosage and administration details:

Children with a body weight less than 20 kilogram (kg) were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) oral solution (OS) and children with a body weight of 20 kg or greater were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 mg/kg OS (single dose of tapentadol was not exceeded 75 mg for any participant).

<b>Arm title</b>	Group 2 (6-<12 years)
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Arm description:

Children with a body weight less than 20 kg were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 mg/kg OS and children with a body weight of 20 kg or greater were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 mg/kg OS (single dose of tapentadol was not exceeded 75 mg for any participant).

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	Tapentadol Hydrochloride
Investigational medicinal product code	CG5503/R331333
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Oral solution
Routes of administration	Oral use

Dosage and administration details:

Children with a body weight less than 20 kilogram (kg) were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) oral solution (OS) and children with a body weight of 20 kg or greater were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 mg/kg OS (single dose of tapentadol was not exceeded 75 mg for any participant).

<b>Number of subjects in period 1</b>	Group 1 (12-<18 years)	Group 2 (6-<12 years)
Started	30	14
Completed	25	13
Not completed	5	1
Other	5	1

## Baseline characteristics

### Reporting groups

Reporting group title	Group 1 (12-<18 years)
Reporting group description: Children with a body weight less than 20 kilogram (kg) were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) oral solution (OS) and children with a body weight of 20 kg or greater were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 mg/kg OS (single dose of tapentadol was not exceeded 75 mg for any participant).	
Reporting group title	Group 2 (6-<12 years)
Reporting group description: Children with a body weight less than 20 kg were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 mg/kg OS and children with a body weight of 20 kg or greater were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 mg/kg OS (single dose of tapentadol was not exceeded 75 mg for any participant).	

Reporting group values	Group 1 (12-<18 years)	Group 2 (6-<12 years)	Total
Number of subjects	30	14	44
Title for AgeCategorical Units: subjects			
Children (2-11 years)	0	14	14
Adolescents (12-17 years)	30	0	30
Title for AgeContinuous Units: years			
arithmetic mean	14.9	8.7	
standard deviation	± 1.68	± 1.68	-
Title for Gender Units: subjects			
Female	16	8	24
Male	14	6	20

## End points

### End points reporting groups

Reporting group title	Group 1 (12-<18 years)
Reporting group description: Children with a body weight less than 20 kilogram (kg) were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) oral solution (OS) and children with a body weight of 20 kg or greater were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 mg/kg OS (single dose of tapentadol was not exceeded 75 mg for any participant).	
Reporting group title	Group 2 (6-<12 years)
Reporting group description: Children with a body weight less than 20 kg were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 mg/kg OS and children with a body weight of 20 kg or greater were dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 1 mg/kg OS (single dose of tapentadol was not exceeded 75 mg for any participant).	
Subject analysis set title	Pharmacokinetic Analysis Population
Subject analysis set type	Full analysis
Subject analysis set description: Pharmacokinetic analysis set included all participants with available serum concentrations.	
Subject analysis set title	Safety Analysis Population
Subject analysis set type	Safety analysis
Subject analysis set description: Safety analysis population included all participants who received a dose of open-label tapentadol and contributed any safety data after the start of study treatment.	

### Primary: Concentrations of Tapentadol and Tapentadol-O-Glucuronide in Serum

End point title	Concentrations of Tapentadol and Tapentadol-O-Glucuronide in Serum <sup>[1]</sup>
End point description: Serum concentrations of tapentadol and its major metabolite tapentadol-O-glucuronide were assessed for each participant during the 15-hour post-dose evaluation phase.	
End point type	Primary
End point timeframe: 5 minutes (min) to less than (<) 30 min, 30 min to <45 min, 45 min to <1 hour (h), 1 h to <1.5 h, 1.5h to <2h, 2h to <3h, 3h to <4h, 4h to <5h, 5h to <6h, 6h to <8h, 8h to <12h, greater than (>) 12h up to 15 h post-dose	
Notes: [1] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point. Justification: No inferential statistical analysis was planned to be performed on primary endpoint.	

End point values	Pharmacokinetic Analysis Population			
Subject group type	Subject analysis set			
Number of subjects analysed	44			
Units: nanogram per milliliter (ng/mL)				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)				
Tapentadol: 5 min to <30 min (n=10)	10.9 (± 13.8)			
Tapentadol: 30 min to <45 min (n=19)	39.1 (± 32.4)			
Tapentadol: 45 min to <1h (n=10)	59.2 (± 26.7)			
Tapentadol: 1h to <1.5h (n=16)	51.5 (± 26.3)			
Tapentadol: 1.5h to <2h (n=1)	66.8 (± 0)			
Tapentadol: 2h to <3h (n=12)	47.1 (± 21.9)			
Tapentadol: 3h to <4h (n=10)	34.4 (± 8.46)			

Tapentadol: 4h to <5h (n=17)	30.1 (± 13.6)			
Tapentadol: 5h to <6h (n=6)	26.5 (± 9.39)			
Tapentadol: 6h to <8h (n=9)	18 (± 7.88)			
Tapentadol: 8h to <12h (n=22)	6.97 (± 3.89)			
Tapentadol: >12h (n=22)	4.26 (± 2.95)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: 5 min to <30 min (n=8)	203 (± 183)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: 30 min to <45 min (n=18)	834 (± 706)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: 45 min to <1h (n=10)	1250 (± 460)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: 1h to <1.5h (n=15)	1033 (± 441)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: 1.5h to <2h (n=1)	1840 (± 0)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: 2h to <3h (n=12)	1241 (± 489)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: 3h to <4h (n=10)	1110 (± 359)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: 4h to <5h (n=17)	769 (± 287)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: 5h to <6h (n=6)	714 (± 237)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: 6h to <8h (n=9)	402 (± 210)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: 8h to <12h (n=22)	167 (± 91.8)			
Tapentadol Metabolite: >12h (n=21)	93.7 (± 66.9)			

## Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

## Secondary: Number of Participants With Adverse Events (AEs) or Serious Adverse Events (SAEs)

End point title	Number of Participants With Adverse Events (AEs) or Serious Adverse Events (SAEs)
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End point description:

An AE is any untoward medical occurrence in a participant who received study drug without regard to possibility of causal relationship. An SAE is an AE resulting in any of the following outcomes or deemed significant for any other reason: death; initial or prolonged inpatient hospitalization; life-threatening experience (immediate risk of dying); persistent or significant disability/incapacity; congenital anomaly.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

Screening up to end of study (Day 2)

<b>End point values</b>	Safety Analysis Population			
Subject group type	Subject analysis set			
Number of subjects analysed	44			
Units: Participants				
AE	20			
SAE	0			



## Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Number of Participants with Supplemental Analgesic Medication

End point title	Number of Participants with Supplemental Analgesic Medication
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End point description:

Number of participants who received supplemental postoperative analgesic medications during the 15-hour post-dose evaluation period was reported.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

Baseline up to 15 h post-dose

End point values	Safety Analysis Population			
Subject group type	Subject analysis set			
Number of subjects analysed	44			
Units: Participants	32			

## Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Other pre-specified: McGrath Color Analog Scale (CAS) Score

End point title	McGrath Color Analog Scale (CAS) Score
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End point description:

The McGrath CAS confirmed pain assessments from children by a triangular strip with varying hues, which recorded the score from 0 to 10. A higher score indicated higher pain intensity.

End point type	Other pre-specified
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End point timeframe:

Baseline (pre-dose); 15 and 30 min, 1, 2, 4, 6, 11, and 15 h post-dose on Day 1; and at end of study (EOT, Day 2)/early withdrawal (EW)

End point values	Safety Analysis Population			
Subject group type	Subject analysis set			
Number of subjects analysed	44			
Units: units on a scale				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)				
Baseline (n=44)	3.85 (± 2.049)			
15 min (n=44)	3.3 (± 2.467)			
30 min (n=44)	2.45 (± 2.061)			
1 h (n=44)	2.14 (± 1.839)			
2h (n=43)	1.82 (± 1.823)			
4h (n=42)	2.37 (± 1.976)			
6h (n=42)	2.15 (± 1.553)			
11h (n=41)	2.76 (± 2.367)			
15 h (n=41)	2.41 (± 2.197)			
EOT/EW (n=44)	2.3 (± 2.006)			

## Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

## Other pre-specified: Faces Pain Scale-Revised Score

End point title	Faces Pain Scale-Revised Score <sup>[2]</sup>
End point description:	
The FPS-R showed facial images showing different pain levels, with scores ranging from 0 to 10 in the increasing order denoting higher pain intensity.	
End point type	Other pre-specified
End point timeframe:	
Baseline (pre-dose); 15 and 30 min, 1, 2, 4, 6, 11, and 15 h post-dose on Day 1; and at EOT/EW	

Notes:

[2] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.  
Justification: Analysis population for FPS-R assessment included participants in Group 2 (6-<12 years) only and no participant in Group 1 (12-<18 years) was included for this analysis.

End point values	Group 2 (6-<12 years)			
Subject group type	Reporting group			
Number of subjects analysed	14			
Units: units on a scale				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)				
Baseline (n=14)	3.3 (± 2.55)			
Day 1, 15 min (n=14)	2.9 (± 2.8)			
Day 1, 30 min (n=14)	1.3 (± 1.27)			
Day 1, 1 h (n=14)	1.4 (± 1.22)			
Day 1, 2 h (n=14)	1 (± 1.3)			
Day 1, 4 h (n=14)	1.6 (± 1.95)			
Day 1, 6 h (n=13)	0.9 (± 1.55)			
Day 1, 11 h (n=12)	2.2 (± 2.48)			
Day 1, 15 h (n=13)	1.2 (± 1.74)			
EOT/EW (n=14)	1 (± 1.3)			

## **Statistical analyses**

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No statistical analyses for this end point

## Adverse events

### Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

From Screening up to Day 2

Assessment type	Non-systematic
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### Dictionary used

Dictionary name	MedDRA
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Dictionary version	16.0
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### Reporting groups

Reporting group title	Group 1(12-<18 yrs)
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Reporting group description:

Group 1(12-<18 yrs) Children with a body weight less than 20 kg will be dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 4 mg/mL OS and children with a body weight of 20 kg or greater will be dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 20 mg/mL OS.

Reporting group title	Group 2(6-<12 yrs)
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Reporting group description:

Group 2(6-<12 yrs) Children with a body weight less than 20 kg will be dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 4 mg/mL OS and children with a body weight of 20 kg or greater will be dosed with a single dose of tapentadol 20 mg/mL OS.

Serious adverse events	Group 1(12-<18 yrs)	Group 2(6-<12 yrs)	
Total subjects affected by serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 30 (0.00%)	0 / 14 (0.00%)	
number of deaths (all causes)	0	0	
number of deaths resulting from adverse events	0	0	

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 0 %

Non-serious adverse events	Group 1(12-<18 yrs)	Group 2(6-<12 yrs)	
Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	12 / 30 (40.00%)	8 / 14 (57.14%)	
Investigations			
Oxygen saturation decreased			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 30 (0.00%)	1 / 14 (7.14%)	
occurrences (all)	0	1	
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications			
Endotracheal intubation complication			

subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	0 / 30 (0.00%) 0	1 / 14 (7.14%) 1	
Post procedural discomfort subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	0 / 30 (0.00%) 0	1 / 14 (7.14%) 1	
Nervous system disorders Dizziness subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 30 (3.33%) 1	0 / 14 (0.00%) 0	
Headache subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 30 (3.33%) 1	0 / 14 (0.00%) 0	
General disorders and administration site conditions Medical device discomfort subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	0 / 30 (0.00%) 0	1 / 14 (7.14%) 1	
Pyrexia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 30 (3.33%) 1	0 / 14 (0.00%) 0	
Gastrointestinal disorders Abdominal pain upper subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	0 / 30 (0.00%) 0	1 / 14 (7.14%) 1	
Hypoaesthesia oral subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 30 (3.33%) 1	0 / 14 (0.00%) 0	
Nausea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	3 / 30 (10.00%) 3	1 / 14 (7.14%) 1	
Vomiting subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	6 / 30 (20.00%) 7	7 / 14 (50.00%) 10	
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders Epistaxis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 30 (3.33%) 1	0 / 14 (0.00%) 0	

Hypoxia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 30 (3.33%) 1	0 / 14 (0.00%) 0	
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders Pruritus subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 30 (3.33%) 1	0 / 14 (0.00%) 0	
Rash subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 30 (3.33%) 1	0 / 14 (0.00%) 0	
Swelling face subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 30 (3.33%) 1	0 / 14 (0.00%) 0	
Psychiatric disorders Anxiety subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	0 / 30 (0.00%) 0	1 / 14 (7.14%) 1	
Renal and urinary disorders Dysuria subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	0 / 30 (0.00%) 0	1 / 14 (7.14%) 1	

## More information

### Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

Date	Amendment
21 May 2010	Participants were given approximately 25 milliliter (mL) of water after dosing to help ensure all medication was cleared from the mouth and swallowed and the obligatory intake of 100 mL to 150 mL of water at 1 hour after dosing was removed.
23 February 2011	The description of safety was moved to precede the efficacy section since PK analyses and safety were 2 primary objectives of the study; Type and use of concomitant rescue analgesic medications were made clear to prevent intolerable pain to participants; Study stopping and participant withdrawal (discontinuation) criteria were modified for tapentadol administration, any potential safety findings, and regulatory requirements to ensure that caution was used to enroll participants; Methods for statistical analyses for safety and pain intensity were revised to include analyses based on concurrent use of analgesic medications; All participants who received study medication but were excluded from the PK analysis were to be included in the safety analysis; Study design was revised to include more details about participant screening, tapentadol administration, and the maximum single oral dose; Additions and modifications were made to inclusion and exclusion criteria to improve the safety for the pediatric population; Safety evaluations were revised to add baseline criteria assessments and type and timing of clinical laboratory tests, 12-lead ECG, and end-of-study physical examination.
12 December 2011	The inclusion criterion was modified to permit participant body weight up to 85 kg; The Time and Event Schedule was modified for pain assessment and vital signs timepoints; The study design was modified to allow participant enrollment up to several days after surgery and participants weighing more than 75 kg would receive a 75-mg dose of tapentadol; For PK analyses, text was added to take into account the different European and US regulatory requirements for age group definitions of adolescents.
24 February 2012	Modifications were made to the study design and the inclusion and exclusion criteria to facilitate study enrollment while preserving original intent and objectives of the study; The study design was modified to enroll participants pre- or post-operatively; The inclusion criteria were modified to include participants with: dental surgeries or postoperative pain that requires opioid treatment as per the investigator's clinical judgment; Ibuprofen (4-10 mg/kg every 6-8 hours) or naproxen (2.5-10 mg/kg every 8-12 hours) was allowed as supplemental analgesic medication; Participants with contraindications to ibuprofen or naproxen, or significant infectious disease were to be excluded from the study; The safety evaluations were modified to include that physical examination and 12-lead ECG will be performed at screening.
02 July 2012	Study design was changed to include participants from 6 to <18 years of age and the study was no longer divided in 2 parts (Part 1: participants from 12 to <18 years and Part 2: 6 to <18 years); use of any nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) for supplemental analgesic medication in the event of persistent pain was allowed, instead of limiting the permitted NSAIDs to just ibuprofen and naproxen; Inclusion criterion was modified to allow participant enrolment from laparoscopy and laparoscopic surgery; Participants with fever 24 hours prior to tapentadol OS dosing were to be excluded from the study; Noncompartmental analyses were not to be conducted; only a population PK analysis was to be performed; All participants were to participate in the limited PK sampling (4 PK samples total per participant).

Notes:

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## **Interruptions (globally)**

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

## **Limitations and caveats**

None reported